ABSTRACTS IN ENGLISH

Krzysztof Kwiatkowski

INFORMATIZATION OF JUDICIAL SYSTEM

Abstract
The text was announced on October 9 2010 by the Minister of Justice Krzysztof Kwiatkowski at the opening of academic year 2010/2011 at Wyższa Szkoła Menedżerska in Warsaw. In the lecture the minister discussed legislation initiatives of Polish government aiming at informatization of procedures in Polish judicial system. Projects of amendments to such acts of law as The Code of Commercial Partnerships and Companies, National Court Register and other corelevant enterprises.

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Roman Goryszewski

VIEWS ON THE ROLE OF MONEY IN THE HISTORY AND THEORY OF ECONOMY

Abstract
The aim of the article is to present – in short – theoretical and historical and practical aspects of mercenary doctrine described in references as the first contemporary and secular set of economical views. Terms such as direction or school in economy are not used deliberately. According to many specialists’ opinions, mercenary does not deserve such concepts. In its geographical sphere (from Portugal and Spain to Poland and Russia) and time sphere (from 16th to 18th century) there was a great variety of theoretical concepts and practical recommendations. However it seems that there were some common ideas taking into account monetary subject. They were: common for mercenary believers (and developed by them) quantitative theory of money and its role in economy as the most important factor of production (common for mercenary experts the idea of active money in economy, contrasting greatly with latter idea of neutral money of classical and neoclassical school).

The article focuses on the essence and general image of European mercantilism. That is why the features of every “national mercantilism” or very speci-
fic German-Autrian type of mercantilism called cameralism were not developed. (The only exception was for one of the greatest persons of Polish mercantilism – Jan Grodwagner). All types of mercantilism typical every country are essential and interesting, but also very prolific so they deserve another article.

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Dorota Sitnik

MECHANISM OF TRANSMISSION, INFLATION AND STATE’S INTERVENTION BY KEYNES

Abstract

The aim of the article is to present the initial – the most extreme approach of Keynes towards the concepts of mechanisms of transmission, inflation and state’s intervention in market. One of the most famous economists – John Mayrand Keynes’ views were used here. The mechanism of transmission, the impact of the amount of money circle on the economy depends on the state of employment. The increase of supply depends on the level of usage of production potential. In the case of great unemployment, only the growth of production shall occur, the prices should remain the same. In the case of significant growth of employment and the economy reaches the potential product – full involvement of production forces – then the effect of increase of both prices and production shall occur. In the case of full employment only the inflation effect shall be noticed. The background of inflation is excessive demand to the possibilities of its supply in other words, surfeit of demand towards the possibilities of its supply. Inflation may arise at the state of the almost full employment. At full employment, the state, called by Keynes, “real inflation” shall occur. Keynes’ supporters opt for state’s intervention in economy. Due to market economy’s disability to independent return to the balance, the intervention is useful and at crisis even necessary.

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Monika Filipiuk

EUROPEAN UNION STRATEGY IN NEW FINANCIAL PERSPECTIVE

Abstract

Poland, as the biggest beneficiary of EU support in financial perspective 2007-2013, is interested in what strategy will be taken by EU and what shape of EU budget will be till 2020. The article touches upon programs and direction of sup-
port in present financial perspective, in particular with its policy of local development and cohesion.

Besides the main ideas concerning construction of future EU budget are discussed on the basis of EU commissioners’ interviews and the stand of economically developed countries of “old union” - net payers which stand for a different division of the budget. Rich EU members, at the time of crisis, will look for cuts in structural funds and agricultural subsidiaries – the areas in which Poland can lose the majority of its funds. Those countries also aim at different application of cohesion fund.

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Miroslaw Karpiuk, Alicja Bogusz

PLAINT IN PROCEDURE IN ADMINISTRATIVE COURT

Abstract

The article touches upon a concept of plaint as a legal mean which starts court and administrative procedure. The court and administrative control is applied due to a plaint lodged when all appeals have been used by a plaint lodger in a relevant authority institution. A plaint may be heard by voivodeship administrative court within mediatory, simplified or regular procedure. It helps an individual disappointed with state authority actions. The case must be legally reasonable. A plaint to administrative court is an example of constitutional right to fair hearing of a case by impartial independent body (court).

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Lech Jaczynowski

DIAGNOSIS OF STUDENTS’ EXPECTATIONS
(the break of wall of group consciousness)

Abstract

The article proposes a new approach to diagnosis of students’ expectations toward school, they attend. Thus three well-known organization techniques are compared: Brainstorm, Fishbone Diagrams and Method Borda-Kendall. A basic technique here is Fishbone Diagram prepared by Kaoru Ishikawe. Students of third year at school X (138 persons) analysed factors which disturbed them in re-
aaching a high quality of education. The factors, put in the profiles, allowed them to assess the intensity of expectations in given social group referring to desired ways of improvement of quality at the school.

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Wacław Huba, Ewelina Rzotkiewicz

TRADEMARKS, THEIR FUNCTIONS AND PROTECTION

Abstract

Trademarks are symbols that surround us in lives almost every day. As consumers we associate them with specific commodities and services. Each of the three parts of the paper shows the specific issues associated with them.

The work presents the definition of trademarks, their concept, types as well as functions they play with reference to enterpreneur, economy and consumers. In addition, the article discusses the process of trademark registration and issues related to the protection of trademarks in Poland. The third part shows what is law and its protective nature. Also the rules of granting protective law, possible reasons of refusal, the benefits it gives and the consequences of violating the law.

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Andrzej Grzebieniak

AUTOMOBILE INSURANCE – TIME FOR CHANGES

Abstract

The article presents the assessment of financial activity of insurance companies in group 3 (casco insurance of vehicles) and group 10 (liability insurance resulting from ownership and usage of vehicles). The analysis of technical account of insurances in the groups were carried out followed by conclusions I the scope of necessary changes in the rates in analysed insurance groups. Also legislative changes were suggested aiming at new regulations of car valuers’ tasks. It is necessary to introduce to Polish process of damage compensation a possibility of hiring an independent expert and also the duty of covering the damages according to these independent experts’ verified opinions.

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Roman Lusawa

ECYCLICAL PACEM IN TERRIS – CATHOLIC CHURCH VIEW ON PEACE

Abstract
In issues 1 – 4 (Part 1) and issues 3 – 4 (Part 3) of Rocznik Naukowy the development of catholic social science was presented from published in 1891 encyclical of Leo XIII entitled Rerum novarum to consisting the protest against German fascism encyclical of Pius XI “mit brennender Sorge” of 1937. In the articles one can find main thesis of encyclical of John XXIII Pacem in terrises. The document widened the catholic social science with the problem of peace among nations. The encyclical has the structure of hierarchy. It starts with right and duties of humans which constitute a basis for order among people. It is necessary for keeping peace in various countries. Then building peace in the world is possible. The document ends with recommendations for Catholics referring their role in fighting for peace in the world.

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Jan Rusinek

CALCULATION OPPORTUNITIES OF TEX. ITS APPLICATION ENHANCING DIDACTICS

Abstract
The article touches upon the application of TeX in conducting and analysis of students’ surveys assessing lecturers. In the process typical for TeX algorithms are used.

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Emil Ślązak

THE REVIEW OF THE BOOK “FINANCIAL MARKETS IN GLOBALIZED ECONOMY” BY MARIAN DANILUK

Abstract
The article is a review of a book “Financial markets in globalized economy” by prof. Marian Daniluk. The review emphasizes on a prolific scope of subjects and outstanding character of the book. In the context of present turbulences in international financial markets, the main aim of the article is to provide
a synthetic analysis of problems discussed in the book with the perspective of contemporary mechanisms of structural and subjective character in financial markets.

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Lidia Białoń

MEMORY ABOUT PROFESSOR MIECZYSŁAW DWORCZYK

Abstract

The article contains the life history of prof. Mieczysław Dworczyk, in particular his connections with Wyższa Szkoła Menedżerska where he was a deputy vice chancellor for students’ affairs.

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Roman Lusawa

CYCLE OF SYMPOSIUMS ABOUT CATHOLIC SOCIAL SCIENCE

Abstract

In January and September 2010 in Płońsk two out of three symposiums devoted to Catholic social science, being one of the most important economic trends, took place. The trend has been developing since 19th century in contrast to classical liberal economic thought and Marxist economy. The milestones in the development of catholic social science are so called social encyclicals expressing the official opinion of Church in the most important subjects. The first of them is encyclical concerning labourers’ subject entitled Rerum novarum” published on May 15, 1891 by Leo XIII. In 2011 one hundred and twentieth anniversary of publishing the document is a pretext to organize a cycle of conferences popularising the knowledge of Catholic Church social teaching aiming at enhancing cooperation between AK and scientific background of dioceses.

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